

315,005 was the TIMES' circulation for last week.

The STAR'S circulation for last week was 183,661

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WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1896—EIGHT PAGES.

ONE CENT.

FOUR TRIAL ON MONDAY

Judge Cole Refused to Postpone the Case.

EARNEST PLEA OF COUNSEL

Messrs. Peter and Donaldson Defer Their Wish to Make a Proper Defense and Sought Two Weeks' Delay—The Missing Father of the Murderer Has Been Located.

An ineffectual effort was this morning made by Messrs. Arthur Peter and J. Newton Donaldson, the young lawyers appointed to defend Irwin Ford, the murderer of Elsie Kreglo, to have the prisoner's trial postponed for two weeks from next Monday, the day originally set for the hearing.

Judge Cole, before whom the motion was made, said he could see no necessity for the delay, and consequently refused it. The proceedings demonstrated the young lawyers' determination to make a game fight for their brutal client, as well as the purpose of District Attorney Birney to press the case with all possible speed. Some time after court had convened Messrs. Peter and Donaldson appeared before the tribunal to make their plea.

Mr. Birney had already waived the customary notice. Mr. Peter read a petition sworn to before the clerk of the court, in which the lawyers asked for the continuance of two weeks, because of the brief time they had been given in which to prepare for trial. The motion for postponement was made in the best of faith, the petition stated, and not for purposes of mere delay. "Through our client we know what Monday afternoon," continued Mr. Peter, after reading the paper, "we were not assigned to the defense until almost the close of the working day, Tuesday, May 13. Our client was busy all day yesterday, and we have held no consultation together or with Ford. We expect to talk with him for the first time this afternoon."

NOT FOR PURPOSES OF DELAY. "As stated in our petition, we make the motion not for the mere purpose of delay, but because we honestly believe we cannot prepare a defense in the short time given us."

Schneider was given twenty-one days between the date of his arraignment and the beginning of his trial. He had come long before his arraignment and had plenty of money to construct a defense. Ford has no money, and we are unable to take the time ourselves that in many cases others could be hired to take.

"There are only three days between now and the date of the trial. It is probable that we will have to take two weeks to try the case, and surely there can be no reasonable objection to a postponement. He certainly has some defense, though it is not a strong one, and we are sure that he is entitled to have it carefully prepared."

A quadrangular discussion between the judge, District Attorney Birney and the two lawyers followed.

"If it is important to a prisoner that he be given the constitutional right of trial," said Mr. Birney, "it is also important to the public. Your honor is aware of the terrible circumstances of this case. It is necessary that we have a speedy trial, and the prisoner is not warranted in having a longer delay than is essential to prepare a defense. Such a space of time as asked is not necessary."

MR. BIRNEY'S OBJECTION. "The fact that the prisoner pleaded guilty when arraigned must be taken into consideration. There is no showing made of cause of delay other than that my friends are young and inexperienced attorneys. They admit they cannot outline a defense. The government's case is open to them for inspection, and my office will be glad to assist them in every way possible. With a thorough appreciation of the gravity of the case I protest against delay."

"But there are many points of law involved," suggested Mr. Donaldson, "on which we should have time to post ourselves. I refer especially to the laws of the state of Ohio, which are not in my possession. My associates and I have been studying the case since we were first assigned to it. You have practically almost a week's time, however. It is not at all probable that a jury will be completed on Monday, for no little difficulty may be experienced in empaneling one, because of the prominence given the crime through the newspapers. The same experience may be expected on Tuesday, and the case will not be fairly begun until Wednesday morning."

"Your assignment to the case did not involve your investigation of the case, nor work up evidence. The process of the court will be to you a disposal of witnesses to the jury. I can see no necessity for the delay, and I will have to say let the stand for trial on Monday as assigned."

OLD MAN FORD'S WHEREABOUTS. The alleged mysterious disappearance of Richard Ford, the father of the murderer, was explained by William Barrell, who made an investigation into the matter. The old man has simply gone on a visit to some relatives in the same county.

The Ford home was such an object of curiosity to all who found themselves in that neighborhood, and he was made to answer so many questions, that he was unable to endure living there any longer. He has a brother and a widow sister living further up in Montgomery county, and a few days ago he determined to go and stay with them until the case came up.

Since Ford's wife has been in the city, visiting him daily at the jail, she has been living with his sister on Eleventh street, opposite the Bell Line car stables, near Florida avenue. She, with her little baby on her arm, has made daily pilgrimages to the jail to see her husband. The monotony of Ford's daily life at the jail is varied by frequent offerings of picture books, fruit and food, but no one is allowed to see him without an order from District Attorney Birney, or unless accompanied by the detectives who have the case in charge.

Only Woman Convict Pardoned. Lansing, Mich., May 14.—Upon the unanimous recommendation of the pardon board, Gov. Rich yesterday pardoned Sarah Haviland, the only woman convict in Jackson prison, where she has been confined since 1866 on a life sentence, for poisoning her three little children. She will at once go to her daughter in Canada. She is sixty-nine years old.

Jealousy Leads to Murder. Unionville, Iowa, May 14.—While Miss Mamie Peterson, aged sixteen years, was returning from a social gathering, accompanied by George Shultz, of Moulton, Tuesday night, some one fired three shots at her, the young lady dying almost immediately. Frederick Hemphill was arrested. It is supposed that jealousy prompted the deed.

SCOTT JACKSON MUST HANG

After Three Hours' Deliberation Jury Rendered Verdict of Guilty.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 14.—Scott Jackson, cool and deliberate, leaned out of the window of an attic room in the Newport courthouse this morning and chatted as cheerfully with his jailor as if it were not a day of judgment. The hands of the clock in the courtroom dragged to 9:30 and crept slowly upward, but neither the judge nor the attorneys who had fought the case had arrived. Twenty-three minutes later the jury filed in and a minute or so afterward Judge Hyman said:

"The members of the jury, you have heard the evidence, you have read the instructions, and the case of the Commonwealth against Scott Jackson is submitted to you."

"You will retire to your room," ordered the sheriff, and the twelve men arose. It was 9:55 as the jury withdrew to decide the prisoner's fate.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 14.—The jury in the Scott Jackson case at 12:08 o'clock returned a verdict of guilty, with the death penalty.

TWO BISHOPS RETIRED

Bowman and Foster Declared Non-Effective by M. E. Conference.

Rev. Dr. Lannan Declares Proceedings of Committee on Episcopacy to Be Unparalleled.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 14.—The general conference of the Methodist Church met at 8:30 a. m. today with Bishop Malheur in the chair. The reports of the committee on episcopacy were presented by the Rev. Dr. Buckley. Report No. 1 recommended the retirement of the senior bishop, Thomas W. Bowman, and of Bishop Randolph S. Foster on account of non-effectiveness.

A most impressive scene followed the reading of the report.

Bishop Foster arose and amid the almost breathless silence said that he wished to relieve the conference from any delay in action as their judgments dictated. He asked permission to retire, as "I have just learned," he said, "that I am non-effective."

Bishop George H. Brainerd offered a substitute, which provided that Bishop Bowman and Bishop Foster be not retired, and that the board of bishops be not asked to give them light work.

Dr. Brainerd said that "the report of the committee was unkind. Who are these men of whom Dr. Buckley and his committee propose to say to the church, to brother bishops, that they are non-effective? They are those who have done most for Methodism. The majority report would be a disgrace to the church."

Rev. Dr. Lannan of Baltimore said: "There is a great deal of money in the report. The money, however, is a very effective one. There are things that have been left out of this discussion that had better be said. I think, sir, that the proceedings of this general conference have been unparalleled in the history of the church. For the honor of the church, I hope it may never occur again."

Dr. Lannan was given permission to reply to Dr. Lannan. Dr. Buckley's speech was delivered in a very earnest manner. During the debate the much difficulty was had by Bishop Malheur in keeping the delegates from applauding.

He said that the matter under discussion was a delicate one, and he hoped that the conference would refrain from applause, at least until this particular matter was disposed of. The substitute was tabled and the report adopted, retiring Bishops Bowman and Foster.

THE MARQUETTE STATUE.

Question of Acceptance Considered by House Library Committee.

The Marquette statue, which was presented by the State of Wisconsin to the government in 1892, was the subject of a discussion by the House Library Committee at its meeting today.

The committee had before it the concurrent resolution passed by the Senate, April 29, which in terms is as follows: "Resolved, by the Senate, the House of Representatives and the people of Wisconsin for the statue of James Marquette, the renowned missionary, explorer and discoverer of the Mississippi river."

Resolved, That the statue be accepted, to remain in the National Statuary Hall, and that a copy of these resolutions, signed by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives, be forwarded to his excellency the governor of the State of Wisconsin.

On motion of Mr. Cummings, who is one of the three members of the committee, the others being Mr. Quigg, and the chairman, Mr. Warner, who is also referred to, Mr. Quigg to investigate the procedure in such cases, and to report to the full committee at his earliest opportunity.

RUNAWAY GIRLS CAPTURED.

They Lived in Washington and Were Found in Baltimore.

Viola Hazell and Mamie Singleton, fifteen-year-old girls of this city, were taken into custody in Baltimore yesterday. It was claimed that they had run away from their homes.

They had been staying with Mrs. Lizzie Burke at No. 876 Clifford street. Miss Singleton said she had received \$5 from her mother on Saturday to go to market, but instead had taken the money to buy two tickets to Baltimore. She then hunted up friends and was taken to the city.

They had known Mrs. Burke in Washington, and I went at once to her house.

Ordered a Change of Reference. The Senate Committee on Commerce this morning informally discussed the bill of Mr. Perkins imposing countervailing duties on all foreign products which foreign governments may attempt to favor by gifts, bounties, or otherwise. The bill is intended to meet the recent discrimination of Germany in the matter of export bounties on sugar. The committee, after considering the bill for a short time, ordered by change of reference, the Committee and Finance, where it properly belongs.

Boys Accused of Housebreaking. There were four boys breaking against Elmer Fairfax and Thomas Wrenking, ten-year-old colored boys, was continued in Judge Miller's court today until next Tuesday, when there will be a trial by jury. The youthful alleged housebreakers are charged with breaking into the premises of James Armstrong, No. 727 Second street southwest, and stealing a lot of household goods. They were arrested by Policeman Muller of the Fourth precinct.

Oklahoma Public Lands. The Senate Committee on Indian Affairs this morning ordered a favorable report on the bill providing for free homesteads on the public lands in Oklahoma Territory for actual and bona fide settlers, and reserving the public lands for that purpose. The bill was amended so as to make its provisions general in their application.

Rejected Lover's Rush Act. Cropley, Ill., May 14.—Yesterday Miss Ida May Steers was shot and probably fatally wounded by William Barrell. The latter then put a bullet through his own head and died instantly. Miss Steers had refused to marry Barrell.

Noted Author Dead. Dudley, Mass., May 14.—Nora Perry, the author and poetess, died here yesterday after a brief illness.



THE ARTFUL DODGER UP TO DATE.

ANXIOUS TO SEE CLEVELAND

Evan Miles, a Presidential Clerk, Has Important Secrets.

He Is Locked Up and Will Probably Be Returned to His Home in Pennsylvania.

The latest Presidential clerk reached Washington at 4 o'clock this morning, over the Pennsylvania Railroad. He is a Welshman named Evan Miles, and is about forty years of age and neatly dressed. To the casual observer, Miles would pass as a sane man, but a few moments of conversation with him establishes the fact that he has a mysterious combination of cunning, whirling wheels under the crown of his hat.

After arriving here this morning Miles wandered about until 9 o'clock, when he was shown to police headquarters and introduced to Inspector Hollinger.

"Well, sir," said the attitude chief detective, "what can I do for you?" "First, whisper, sir," replied the clerk. "If you are the chief I have an important communication to make to you."

Inspector Hollinger was at all attention. "I come," continued Miles, "to see President Cleveland, and on the most secret business."

Dr. Buckley was given permission to reply to Dr. Lannan. Dr. Buckley's speech was delivered in a very earnest manner. During the debate the much difficulty was had by Bishop Malheur in keeping the delegates from applauding.

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ROUSED MR. GIBSON'S FIRE

He Calls A. P. A., Men Pestilential Mischief Makers.

WARM SENATE SPEECH

Bitter Denunciation of the Secret Society From the Maryland Senator. He Opposes the Bill Establishing Additional Regulations Concerning Immigration—Mr. Nelson's Argument.

In pursuance of previous notice, Mr. Gibson addressed the Senate today in opposition to the bill establishing additional regulations concerning immigration to the United States.

His argument was that there is room in the Western States for all the immigrants that could come. Texas, alone, he said, could find room for a hundred millions, and then not be crowded so much as European countries or so much as many of the Northern States.

Many of the States with scant population were, he said, glad to welcome foreigners, either with or without education, if they would only work. The present laws were quite sufficient, in his opinion, to prevent all the evils of immigration that are complained of, and he supported his opinion with quotations from statements of labor union leaders.

The promoters and advocates of the bill, Mr. Gibson declared, were the landed farmers and workmen of the country. The power behind the Anti-Immigration League of Boston was an organization known as the American Protective Association—a secret, oath-bound, red-lettered, left-handed, dark-lantern organization, whose principle was hatred to the Catholic church.

The bill itself had for its real purpose hostility to the Catholic church—a purpose of envy, hatred and malice. It was the spirit of a pestilential brood of mischief-makers.

And this, he said, was the organization which proposed to play no small part in American politics.

DEFENDS THE A. P. A. Mr. Nelson addressed the Senate on the opposite side of the subject. He had voted in committee for the bill, believing that there should be some restriction on immigration.

He denied that the bill was inspired by the A. P. A., or by any feeling of opposition to the Catholics.

Senate bill to protect commerce, which was introduced by Mr. Perkins on the 4th of May, was warmly and ably given by the committee on Commerce, was reported back from that committee by Mr. Caffery, with a motion, which was agreed to, that it be referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Caffery explained and advocated the bill, which provides for the imposition of increased duties on foreign products on condition of duty on articles given by the government of the country from which they come.

House bill to amend the statute in relation to bills for freight, charges or contribution in general average upon imported goods in the custody of a collector of a port was passed.

PRIVATE PENSION BILLS.

House in Committee of the Whole Considers Them.

In the House today Mr. Prince reported from Elections Committee, No. 2, the contested case of Cheatham, Republican, vs. Woodward, Democrat, from the Second district of North Carolina, recommending that the sitting member (Woodward) retain his seat. The report was agreed to.

The House then resolved itself into committee of the whole, to consider private pension bills.

The consideration of these bills was interrupted to receive the river and harbor appropriation bill from the Senate. On motion of Mr. Hoeker the Senate amended the bill by striking out the word "and" before the word "and" and a conference ordered.

Among the bills favorably acted upon by the committee of the whole was the bill to pension the widow of the late Col. O. M. Roe, of the engineer corps, U. S. A., at the rate of \$50 per month.

THEIR INJURIES SERIOUS. Theodore Handy Accused of Assaulting Two People.

Theodore Handy, the most notorious pug and all-around criminal that ever infested the streets of Washington, was in the prisoners' pen at the police court this forenoon.

On that day he will be called upon to face charges of atrocious and unprovoked assault upon Gen. William H. Roberts, an elderly gentleman, and Hunter H. Langston, a young man employed at the Southern railroad office, corner of Thirteenth street and Pennsylvania.

Handy also tried to strike young Langston with a brick before he was collared by Policeman McCutcheon at the station. He dealt Langston a cowardly kick in a vital spot, and his injuries, too, are of a serious nature.

Handy will be charged with vagrancy, in addition to the two cases of assault, and if the signs do not fail he will be put away behind iron bars for a long time.

FAMILY IN WANT.

Wife and Children of Thomas F. James Need Assistance.

The family of Thomas F. James, whose untimely death was described in yesterday's Evening Times, is in destitute circumstances.

Unless liberal-hearted citizens come to the rescue the misery that already exists in the little home at No. 616 North Capitol street will be greatly increased.

The unfortunate man had been out of work for a long time, and had run in debt for the necessities of life. The \$5 found in his pocket is all that stands between his wife and children and actual want.

The unfortunate woman has no relatives in the city, except a father-in-law, and he is in no position to help her.

The Times will receive subscriptions for this worthy cause, and acknowledge the same through its columns.

The following communication was received this morning:

"Editor Times:—Hearing that Thomas F. James, who was found dead in the new postoffice building, leaves a family to help as far as I can. I enclose 50 cents. Robert F. James, a son named Edwin. I have one of the same name, who was named by Judge Bancroft Davis."

"ROBERT LEWIS."

MORTON CADETS WON.

Galveston Cup Goes to Our Boys at Savannah.

(Special to the Times.) Savannah, Ga., May 14.—The Morton Cadets won the Galveston cup in the competitive drill today.

BOYS AT SAVANNAH.

The work of the boys aroused the greatest enthusiasm.

The Galveston cup and the prize of \$2,500 offered by the Military Interstate Association of Savannah, together with the championship of the United States, belong to the Morton Cadets of Washington.

In the opinion of military experts, the drill put up by the Mortons this morning in the school of the company is the best ever seen in this section of the country, if not the best of its kind ever given.

In the extended order drill the Mortons were not quite so good, but still they were much better than their competitors, the Oglethorpe Infantry of Augusta, Ga.

The Mortons have never drilled in the extended order until they began to prepare for the Savannah drill and had not fired a blank cartridge until their arrival on the ground today since their drill in Memphis a year ago. The few errors made by them were in the firing.

It is expected that the percentage attained on the drill will be a record breaker.

The Oglethorpe Infantry, of Augusta, which competed with the Morton Cadets, were not in the same class at all. They put up a fair drill, but it was evident that they had not had the requisite practice, and their errors were numerous.

The result of the contest will be officially announced by the judges tomorrow.

QUAY AND THE OTHER BOSSES.

Pennsylvania Goes to New York to Meet Platt and Clarkson.

Senator Quay today went to New York for the purpose of having a conference on political matters with ex-Senator Platt, Gen. Clarkson and others of those who are credited with composing the combine of bosses.

The visit of Senator Quay at this period is especially significant in view of the fact that Mr. Platt, for the second time within a week, has had himself interviewed for publication to the effect that McKinley has never had, does not now have, and never will have the slightest ghost of a chance of securing the Republican Presidential nomination.

In making these strong and rather quixotic assertions it is taken for granted that Mr. Platt voices the sentiments of the combine of bosses of the Republican party, and that they are strengthening itself for the avowed purpose of controlling the national convention.

It is reported here as self-evident that Mr. Quay has gone to confer with his associates and agree upon some scheme of political manipulation, whereby the promises and predictions of Mr. Platt that McKinley shall not receive the nomination, may be verified.

It is difficult to see how this result can be accomplished, but it is nevertheless a fact that any consultation between such skilled politicians as Messrs. Quay, Platt and Clarkson has the effect of at least making the McKinley managers temporarily nervous.

CRAZED BY RELIGION.

Christian Gieger Imagined That He Must Commit Murder.

Wooster, Ohio, May 14.—Christian Gieger, a farmer, located suddenly on the subject of religion and imagined that the Almighty had commanded him to kill his father, mother and cousin, Christian Zeleker.

He attempted to obey the command, and attacked his father with a hoe, nearly severing the old man's head from his body. He was overpowered and taken to the insane asylum. The injured man cannot recover.

BOATING PARTY DROWNED.

Squall Captured a Small Craft With Fatal Results.

Astoria, Ore., May 14.—Near Skamokawa, Washington, on Wednesday evening, three persons were drowned.

A boating party, composed of Mrs. A. R. Crosby, Miss Retta Kennedy, Frank Peterson, Charles Newell, and Mr. C. G. Cruts, were on a trip to Clatskanie, when their boat was struck by a squall and capsized.

All were drowned, except Miss Kennedy and Cruts.

APPOINTED TO OFFICE.

Mr. Cleveland Nominates a Consul and Secretary of Legation.

Last night President Cleveland sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Ernest A. Man, of Florida, to be consul at Bergen, Norway.

Robert Hanson, of North Carolina, to be second secretary of the legation of the United States to Mexico.

Report of a Fatal Accident. A report reached here today that a man named George Smith, a resident of this city, had been run down and killed by a Royal Blue line express train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, in the deep cut near Langdon, a station between this city and Baltimore.

The Baltimore & Ohio officials stated late this afternoon that they had not heard of the alleged killing, and that no body had been brought here. The morgue today contained only the remains of a man named Smith, who fell from the new city postoffice building.

Ivy Institute Business College, 6th and E. Our unexcelled summer course, \$5.

MCKINLEY AND THE A. P. A.

Executive Comm'tee Denunciations Repeated.

UGLY CHARGES PREFERRED

The Grosvenor-Stevens Controversy the Ground for Many Rumors—It Is Said That Indictments Have Been Made for Sending Defamatory Articles Through the Mail.

More members of the American Protective Association arrived in the city last night and this morning, and the lobby of the National Hotel was this morning thronged with visiting delegates, who each had some special interest to look after.

The session of the supreme council has, in fact, been thrown in the shade by the meetings of the advisory board, the judiciary board, and the deals of political lobbyists. McKinley talk is as strong as ever, but the talk of censuring the executive committee has died already in the air.

The supreme council went into session promptly at 9 o'clock, and again occupied part of the morning in discussing the admission of members of the order in general. The constitutional question was raised, and it was finally decided that no member could be admitted without the unanimous consent of the supreme council.

The meetings of the advisory board are now the center of interest. They have been busy ever since yesterday morning examining evidence regarding the report of the executive committee which some time ago made public its findings as to the status of the Presidential candidates.

The executive committee has not backed down from the position it reported upon the evidence as presented to it, and its assertions that it should not be censured.

THE VOLENTUOUS EVIDENCE.

A resolution was adopted at this morning's session of the supreme council directing the advisory board to present its report by tomorrow morning at the latest.

At first it was believed that the advisory board would comply with the resolution, but it was learned this afternoon that the evidence before it is so voluminous that it will not be able to report much before Saturday.

There was a rumor current that this delay was in the interest of the executive committee, which has been busy accumulating evidence to show that the McKinley friends are already in the hands of some of Judge Stevens' friends. The pamphlets alleged dark deals on the part of some of the executive committee members, and the evidence as presented to it, and its assertions that it should not be censured.

They claim to possess damaging statements to show that a prominent Republican Congressman close to McKinley has sent a blackmailing and libelous letter to the A. P. A. man, which they in turn can make public at any time.

McKinley's friends say that the committee official stated to The Times representative that "one was as deep in the mud as the other was in the mire, and all the threats against Judge Stevens' friends are made up of lies."

The executive committee, in its report to the advisory board, presented the evidence upon which its action against McKinley was based. They are all statements of well-known Ohio citizens. Some of them have been repeated by the A. P. A., but quite a number remain in evidence against the Ohio man. Two of these were secured this morning, and are exact copies of so far indicated statements.

THE AFFIDAVITS.

Franklin County, State of Ohio, ss